THRIFT INDUSTRY Interest Rate Risk Measures

Office of the Comptroller of the Currency

Credit and Market Risk Policy

Release Date: 3/23/2012



For further information, please contact: Ray Diggs (202) 874-5612

Credit and Market Risk Policy

Ray Diggs Marshall Osborne

250 E Street, S.W. Washington, DC 20219

Fourth Quarter 2011



For example, an institution can find its approximate Pre-Shock NPV Ratio ranking by referring to TABLE 1 on the following page. Assume XYZ Savings has a Pre-Shock NPV Ratio of 18%. In the last column of the table, locate the first value that is larger than XYZ's Pre-Shock NPV Ratio. For XYZ Savings, this corresponds to the tenth row of the table.

The first column of the tenth row present XYZ's overall Pre-Shock ranking: XYZ's Pre-Shock NPV Ratio places this institution in the fifth quintile of the industry. The second column shows an institution's rank with greater precision. XYZ's Pre-Shock NPV Ratio is better than approximately 85 percent of the industry for the current quarter.

The Interest Rate Risk Measures report for the December, 2011 cycle will be available on the OTS Web page at http://www.ots.treas.gov/StatisticalReleases

THRIFT INDUSTRY

Fourth Quarter 2011

Interest Rate Risk Measures

Page 2

TABLE 1: Pre-Shock NPV Ratio* as of 12/31/2011

	Quintile	Percent of Industry	*Pre-Shock NPV Ratio
F	1st	10	9.47
S		15	10.19
Б		20	11.00
≥	2nd	30	11.77
+		40	12.86
	3rd	50	13.82
		60	14.83
÷.	4th	70	16.30
F.		80	18.55
щ	5th	85	20.13
8		90	22.50
BEST	5th	80 85 90	18.55 20.13 22.50

* The Pre-Shock NPV Ratio is defined as the base-case (pre-shock) NPV divided by the present value of assets in the base-case.

Measure* as of 12/31/2011 Quintile Percent of *Sensitivity Industry Measure 1st 10 168 WORST 15 138 20 118 2nd 30 93 40 76 3rd 50 61 60 52 4th 45 70 80 35 ш 5th 85 29 ന 90 23

TABLE 2: Interest Rate Sensitivity

* The Interest Rate Sensitivity Measure is defined as the decline (in basis points) in the NPV ratio caused by a +200 bp increase or -100 bp decrease in rates, whichever produces the larger decline.

TABLE 3: Post-Shock NPV Ratio* as of 12/31/2011

(Quintile	Percent of Industry	*Post-Shock NPV Ratio
E.	1st	10	8.73
S		15	9.49
Ю		20	10.24
3	2nd	30	11.22
+		40	12.20
	3rd	50	12.97
		60	14.18
+	4th	70	15.38
F		80	17.61
щ	5th	85	19.39
8		90	21.50

* The Post-Shock NPV Ratio is defined as the Net Portfolio Value (NPV) ratio after a +200 bp increase or -100 bp decrease in rates, whichever produces the smaller ratio.

TABLE 4: NPV Ratio* by Interest Rate Scenario as of 12/31/2011				
	Quintile	Percent of Industry	*NI -100 bp Les	PV Ratio +200 bp ss Than:
F	1st	10	8.90	9.77
S		15	9.81	10.39
Ю		20	10.54	11.11
Š	2nd	30	11.36	12.16
+		40	12.44	12.83
	3rd	50	13.55	13.72
		60	14.48	14.91
÷	4th	70	16.24	16.09
F		80	18.20	18.11
щ	5th	85	20.01	19.97
8		90	22.39	21.71

* The NPV ratio for any interest rate scenario is defined as the NPV in that rate scenario divided by the present value of assets in the same rate scenario.

TABLE 5: Change in NPV Ratio* by Interest Rate as of 12/31/2011

	Quintile	Percent of Industry	*Change ir -100 bp Less	n NPV Ratio +200 bp Than:
	1st	10	-91	-154
S		15	-79	-123
Ю		20	-65	-94
≥	2nd	30	-52	-56
↑		40	-43	-26
	3rd	50	-33	2
		60	-22	30
¥	4th	70	-7	57
0		80	9	92
Щ	5th	85	17	118
m		90	30	135

* The Change in NPV ratio is defined as the change (in basis points) in the NPV ratio caused by an interest rate shock of either -100 bp or +200 bp.

Note: The NPV ratio for any interest rate scenario is defined as the NPV in that rate scenario divided by the present value of assets in the same rate scenario. An institution's NPV is equal to the estimated present value of assets minus the present value of liabilities plus the net present value of off-balance sheet contracts. These results are based on 459 OCC-regulated institutions for which the Dec 2011 Interest Rate Risk Exposure Reports are available.

Prepared by the Credit and Market Risk Policy Division, OCC, Washington, D.C., 3/23/2012.

THRIFT INDUSTRY

Fourth Quarter 2011

Interest Rate Risk Measures - Mutuals

Page 3

TABLE 6: Pre-Shock NPV Ratio* as of 12/31/2011

	Quintile	Percent of Industry	*Pre-Shock NPV Ratio
F	1st	10	10.94
S		15	11.51
Б		20	11.93
≥	2nd	30	13.20
+		40	14.04
	3rd	50	15.11
		60	16.27
÷.	4th	70	18.65
F		80	20.73
ш	5th	85	22.66
8		90	24.92

* The Pre-Shock NPV Ratio is defined as the base-case (pre-shock) NPV divided by the present value of assets in the base-case.

Measure* as of 12/31/2011 Quintile Percent of *Sensitivity Industry Measure 1st 10 189 WORST 15 147 20 129 2nd 30 98 40 79 3rd 50 61 60 52 4th 43 70 80 35 ŝ 5th 85 31 £ 90 23

TABLE 7: Interest Rate Sensitivity

* The Interest Rate Sensitivity Measure is defined as the decline (in basis points) in the NPV ratio caused by a +200 bp increase or -100 bp decrease in rates, whichever produces the larger decline.

TABLE 8: Post-Shock NPV Ratio* as of 12/31/2011

	Quintile	Percent of Industry	*Post-Shock NPV Ratio
E.	1st	10	10.30
S		15	10.95
Ю		20	11.41
3	2nd	30	12.27
+		40	12.99
	3rd	50	14.25
		60	15.38
+	4th	70	17.76
F		80	19.68
ш	5th	85	21.38
8		90	23.31

* The Post-Shock NPV Ratio is defined as the Net Portfolio Value (NPV) ratio after a +200 bp increase or -100 bp decrease in rates, whichever produces the smaller ratio.

ΤΑ	TABLE 9: NPV Ratio* by Interest Rate Scenario as of 12/31/2011			
	Quintile	Percent of Industry	*NI -100 bp Les	PV Ratio +200 bp ss Than:
F	1st	10	10.64	11.12
S		15	11.09	11.62
Ю		20	11.56	12.01
Ň	2nd	30	12.59	12.87
+		40	13.76	13.90
	3rd	50	14.74	15.01
		60	16.34	16.18
ŧ	4th	70	18.27	18.23
F		80	21.00	20.47
ш	5th	85	22.41	21.50
8		90	25.09	23.91

* The NPV ratio for any interest rate scenario is defined as the NPV in that rate scenario divided by the present value of assets in the same rate scenario.

TABLE 10: Change in NPV Ratio* by Interest Rate asof 12/31/2011

	Quintile	Percent of Industry	*Change ir -100 bp Less	NPV Ratio +200 bp Than:
	1st	10	-89	-189
S		15	-71	-146
BO		20	-59	-114
≥	2nd	30	-50	-62
↑		40	-37	-35
	3rd	50	-31	-14
		60	-17	20
ŧ	4th	70	-6	44
2		80	13	71
ű	5th	85	28	89
m		90	44	120

* The Change in NPV ratio is defined as the change (in basis points) in the NPV ratio caused by an interest rate shock of either -100 bp or +200 bp.

Note: The NPV ratio for any interest rate scenario is defined as the NPV in that rate scenario divided by the present value of assets in the same rate scenario. An institution's NPV is equal to the estimated present value of assets minus the present value of liabilities plus the net present value of off-balance sheet contracts. These results are based on 199 OCC-regulated institutions for which the Dec 2011 Interest Rate Risk Exposure Reports are available.

Prepared by the Credit and Market Risk Policy Division, OCC, Washington, D.C., 3/23/2012.



THRIFT INDUSTRY

Fourth Quarter 2011

Interest Rate Risk Measures - Stock

Page 4

TABLE 11: Pre-Shock NPV Ratio* as of 12/31/2011

	Quintile	Percent of Industry	*Pre-Shock NPV Ratio
F.	1st	10	8.81
S		15	9.58
Б		20	10.19
≥	2nd	30	11.15
+		40	12.03
	3rd	50	12.92
		60	14.01
÷.	4th	70	15.04
F		80	16.57
щ	5th	85	17.48
m		90	19.17

* The Pre-Shock NPV Ratio is defined as the base-case (pre-shock) NPV divided by the present value of assets in the base-case.

Measure* as of 12/31/2011 Quintile Percent of *Sensitivity Industry Measure 1st 10 154 WORST 15 125 20 109 2nd 30 90 40 76 3rd 50 61 60 52 4th 46 70 80 35 ŝ 5th 85 28 ന 90 23

TABLE 12: Interest Rate Sensitivity

* The Interest Rate Sensitivity Measure is defined as the decline (in basis points) in the NPV ratio caused by a +200 bp increase or -100 bp decrease in rates, whichever produces the larger decline.

ABLE 13: Post-Shock NPV Ratio* as of 12/31/2011

	Quintile	Percent of Industry	*Post-Shock NPV Ratio
E.	1st	10	8.08
S		15	8.90
В		20	9.49
ž	2nd	30	10.43
+		40	11.25
	3rd	50	12.30
		60	13.08
+	4th	70	14.26
F		80	15.69
ш	5th	85	16.61
8		90	18.11

* The Post-Shock NPV Ratio is defined as the Net Portfolio Value (NPV) ratio after a +200 bp increase or -100 bp decrease in rates, whichever produces the smaller ratio.

TAE	TABLE 14: NPV Ratio* by Interest Rate Scenario as of 12/31/2011			
	Quintile	Percent of Industry	*NI -100 bp Les	PV Ratio +200 bp ss Than:
H	1st	10	8.15	9.14
S		15	9.17	9.89
Ю		20	9.79	10.27
ž	2nd	30	10.73	11.61
+		40	11.41	12.35
	3rd	50	12.61	13.08
		60	13.70	13.87
ŧ	4th	70	14.74	15.26
F		80	16.61	16.21
ш	5th	85	17.53	17.47
8		90	19.59	19.60

* The NPV ratio for any interest rate scenario is defined as the NPV in that rate scenario divided by the present value of assets in the same rate scenario.

TABLE 15: Change in NPV Ratio* by Interest Rate as of 12/31/2011

	Quintile	Percent of Industry	*Change ir -100 bp Less	n NPV Ratio +200 bp Than:
	1st	10	-97	-133
S		15	-81	-99
BO		20	-67	-80
≥	2nd	30	-55	-45
↑		40	-48	-12
	3rd	50	-36	9
		60	-25	37
ŧ	4th	70	-11	74
2		80	5	106
ű	5th	85	12	130
m		90	22	154

* The Change in NPV ratio is defined as the change (in basis points) in the NPV ratio caused by an interest rate shock of either -100 bp or +200 bp.

Note: The NPV ratio for any interest rate scenario is defined as the NPV in that rate scenario divided by the present value of assets in the same rate scenario. An institution's NPV is equal to the estimated present value of assets minus the present value of liabilities plus the net present value of off-balance sheet contracts. These results are based on 260 OCC-regulated institutions for which the Dec 2011 Interest Rate Risk Exposure Reports are available.

Prepared by the Credit and Market Risk Policy Division, OCC, Washington, D.C., 3/23/2012.

